MODEL 7315 REGULATED DC POWER SUPPLY OPERATION MANUAL

KIKUSUI ELECTRONICS CORP.

Power Requirements of this Product

Power requirements of this product have been of Manual should be revised accordingly. (Revision should be applied to items indicated)	changed and the relevant sections of the Operation d by a check mark ☑.)		
☐ Input voltage			
The input voltage of this product is to	VAC, VAC. Use the product within this range only.		
☐ Input fuse			
The rating of this product's input fuse is	A,VAC, and		
WAI	RNING		
 To avoid electrical shock, always disconnect the AC power cable or turn off the switch on the switchboard before attempting to check or replace the fuse. 			
 Use a fuse element having a shape, rating, and characteristics suitable for this product. The use of a fuse with a different rating or one that short circuits the fuse holder may result in fire, electric shock, or irreparable damage. 			
☐ AC power cable			
	ables described below. If the cable has no power plug nals to the cable in accordance with the wire color		
 WARNING The attachment of a power plug or crimp-style terminals must be carried out by qualified personnel. 			
☐ Without a power plug	☐ Without a power plug		
Blue (NEUTRAL)	White (NEUTRAL)		
Brown (LIVE)	Black (LIVE)		
Green/Yellow (GND)	Green or Green/Yellow (GND)		
☐ Plugs for USA	☐ Plugs for Europe		
	G. C.		
Provided by Kikusui agents Kikusui agents can provide you with s For further information, contact your k			
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1. INTRODUCTION

The Kikusui Electronics Model 7315 is a series-type Regulated DC Power Supply employing transistors and varying voltage continuously in the range 1V - 15V by its double shaft variable reisistor. It has a maximum output current of 1.0A. It is a compact and light power supply provided with a voltmeter and an ammeter on its panel.

If an overload phenomenon develops or a short-circuiting accident occurs, the output current limit circuit will work positively. The limit current can be set continuously in a range 10% - 100% of the maximum rated current and it can be employed as a constant-current power supply.

The unit can be operated in series or parallel.

2. SPECIFICATIONS

Line

____У 50/60 Hz

Power consumption

(full load output 15V, 1.0A)

Approx. 40 VA

Ambient temperature

40°C max.

Dimensions

 $106W \times 145H \times 150D \text{ mm}$

(Max.)

 $111W \times 158H \times 205D mm$

Weight

Approx. 3 kg

Accessories

Short Bar

1

Operation Manual

1

OUTPUT

Terminals

Red, white and black colors:

arranged in an equilateral

triangle at intervals of 19 mm.

Polarity

Positive or Negative

Floating voltage

+ 100V max.

Voltage

1 - 15V Continuously variable

Current

1A

Ripple

2mVp-p

Regulation

10mV against a fluctuation of

+10% line voltage

10mV against a load fluctuation

of $1 \sim \sim 15V$, $0 \sim 1A$

Current limit (constant current automatic crossover type)

0.1A ~ 1.0A Continuously variable

Voltmeter

16V Accuracy 2.5% of full scale

Ammeter

1.2A Accuracy 2.5% of full scale

Insulation

(DC 250V between chassis and output terminals)

More than $10M\Omega$

(DC 1000V between chassis and line)

More than $50M\Omega$

Possible to operate in series or parallel.

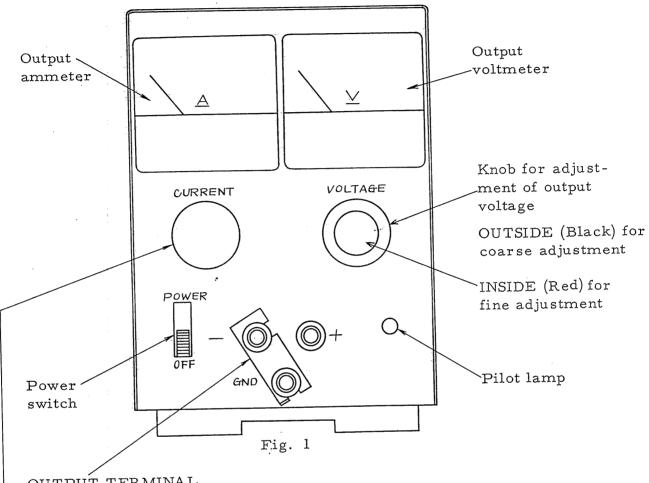
NOTES

* Possible to install 4 units in the 19" and 500mm standard racks.

** Voltage drop at the ammeter is circuit compensated.

3. DESCRIPTION FOR PANEL

Front Panel 3 - 1



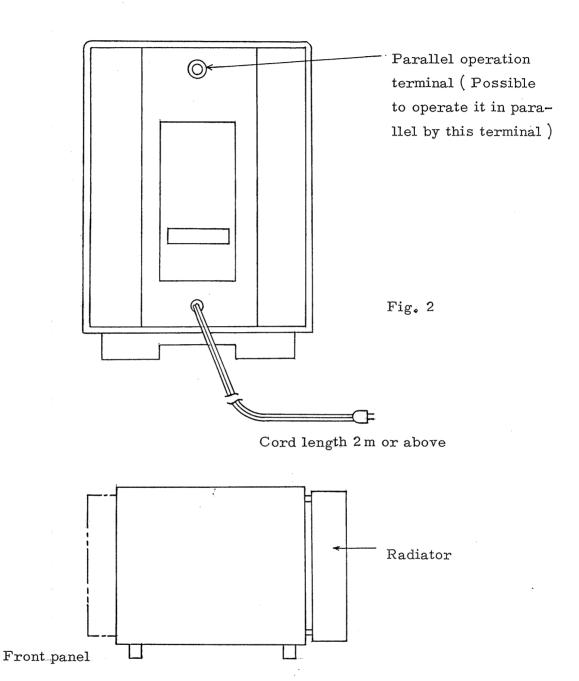
OUTPUT TERMINAL

The plus or minus terminal is usually attached to the GND terminal and connected electrically to the chassis/panel by means of the attached short bar. It can be worked with DC bias current. (Refer to Item FLOATING VOLTAGE of the SPECIFICATIONS for the details.)

CURRENT LIMIT KNOB

Output current is limited in a range 10% - 100% of the maximum rated current. It can be used as a constant current power supply in the said range.

3-2 Rear Panel



Pay attention to the state of ventilation at the radiator when the unit is used with current in the vicinity of maximum value.

4. OPERATION

4-1 Single, series and parallel operation

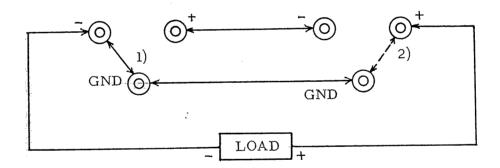
Single operation

Use the unit as it is for single operation.

Series operation

When more than 2 units are connected in series, voltage more than 15V operation will be available. In this case, the voltage of any terminal must not exceed ±100V rated against the panel/chassis.

In series operation of 2 units, you may utilize a voltage ±30V and current 1.0A.



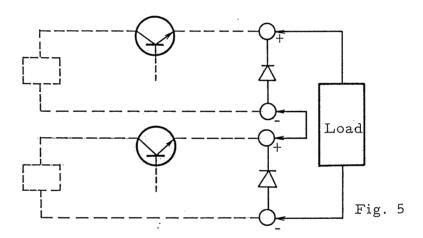
Wiring must be executed as indicated below for connection of GND TERMINAL.

- 1) Connect as shown with the line in Fig. 4 in the case of minus grounding.
- 2) Connect as shown with the dotted line in Fig. 4 in the case of plus grounding.

Be sure to avoid grounding the GND terminal in a different polarity.

Protection against overload in series operation

If an overload phenomenon should develop when more than 2 power supplies are operated in series, output voltage of one of the units will be given, in the reverse direction, to the other unit of which the protection circuit has worked earlier resulting in damage of its series control element. In order to prevent its being damaged, the diode has been connected between the output terminals of the respective power supply units.



Parallel operation

Operate as indicated below when utilizing output more than 1A by operating 2 units of the machine in parallel.

Be sure to turn off the POWER switch before arranging the wiring for this purpose.

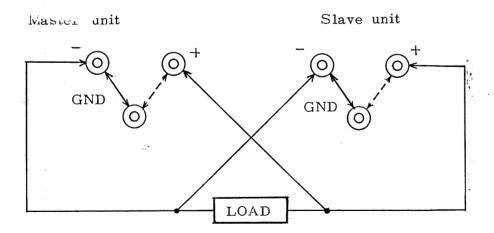
In parallel operation, one of the 2 units serves as "master" unit and the other, as "slave" unit. Output voltage and output current are set by the "master" unit.

- 1) Turn the slide switch of the "slave" unit in the print board from "MASTER" to "SLAVE".
- 2) Connect the "slave" unit to the parallel operation terminal located at the back of the "master" unit.
- 3) Turn fully the CURRENT knob of the "slave" unit to the "Maximum Current" position, i.e. turn it fully in the clockwise direction and also turn the VOLTAGE knob to the MAXIMUM position.
- 4) Turn on the POWER switches.

Voltage and current may be varied optionally by the "master" unit.

The output current limit may be selected optionally in a range of 0.2A - 2.0A.

Minus or plus earthing must be provided for both the "master" and "slave" units by means of the short bar. The same polarity must be earthed both in "master" and "slave" units (Refer to Fig. 6 for the details)



The maximum number of parallel operation units of this model is only 2. And, the maximum number of series operation units of this model are only 6.

This model cannot, in principle, be operated in parallel with other models.

Pay attention to the fact that when the POWER switch is turned on with the slide switch on the print board positioned at SLAVE, no output will be induced.

4-2 Cautions regarding installation place

Be sure to avoid, as far as possible, using the unit in a place where the ambient temperature exceeds 40 °C.

When ventilation is restricted or the unit is exposed to the direct rays of the sun or radiation heat emitted from other heat sources, limit appropriately the continuous maximum output current.

90% - 110% of the rated voltage is the line voltage range in which the unit works positively and safely.

4-3 Overshoot of output voltage

No voltage higher than the preset value is induced between output terminals when the POWER switch is turned on or off.

4-4 Voltage drop of ammeter

The voltage drop of the output ammeter is circuit compensated.

4-5 Current limit circuit

In order to prevent the series control element and output ammeter being damaged when the output terminal is short-circuited, the unit has been provided with a current control circuit which works electronically and positively to prevent a bigger current than the rated value being given.

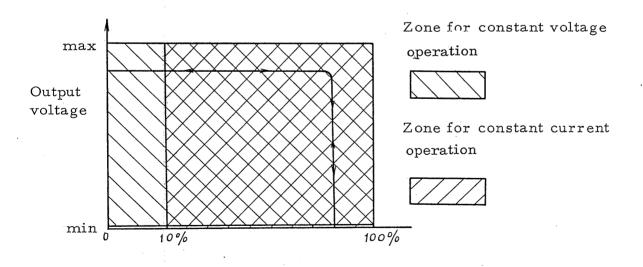
The output limit current can be varied continuously at option in a range 10% - 100% of the maximum rated value.

When the output current reaches the preset value, the unit serves as a constant current power supply.

When the output current drops lower than the set value, the unit reverts automatically to serving continuously as a constant voltage power supply.

(Refer to Fig. 8 for the details.)

Fig. 8



5. MAINTENANCE

When defective parts have been exchanged for new ones or the output voltage is not correct, it will be necessary to make the following adjustment.

5-1 OV ADJ,

Adjust the semi-fixed resistor in the print board (copper foiled one) i.e. the semi-fixed resistor of (1) in Fig. 9 in such a way that the voltage between output terminals is 0V with the voltage adjustment knob on the panel turned fully counterclockwise.

The output voltage can thus be adjusted with an accuracy of +0.5V.

5-2 Maximum voltage ADJ

Adjust the semi-fixed resistor in the print board (semi-fixed upper side resistor provided with numerous parts, so that the output terminal voltage is at 16V the voltage adjustment knob on the panel being turned fully clockwise).

Repeat the aforementioned adjustment several times.